40Gbps QSFP LR4 Parallel Single Mode Optical Transceiver
OPCS-S10-13-CBS datasheet

Features

- 4 Parallel lanes design
- Up to 11.2Gbps data rate per channel
- Aggregate Bandwidth of up to 44.0G
- QSFP+ MSA compliant
- Up to 10km transmission on single mode fiber (SMF)
- Maximum power consumption 3.5W
- Single +3.3V power supply
- Operating case temperature: 0~70℃
- RoHS-6 Compliant

Applications

- 40G Ethernet
- Infiniband QDR and DDR & SDR
- Datacenter and Enterprise networking

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	*Symbol*	*Min.*	*Max.*	*Units*	*Note*
Storage Temperature	Ts	-40	85	℃	
Supply Voltage	V_{cc}	-0.5	3.6	V	
Operating Case Temperature	T_{op}	0	70	℃	
Relative Humidity (non-condensation)	RH	0	85	%	
Damage Threshold, each Lane	THd	3.3		dBm	

Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Notes
Operating Case Temperature	T_{OP}	0		70	℃	
Power Supply Voltage	V_{CC}	3.315	3.3	3.465	V	
Data Rate, each Lane			10.3125	11.2	Gb/s	
Control Input Voltage High		2		Vcc	V	
Control Input Voltage Low		0		0.8	V	
Link Distance with G.652	D	0.002		10	km	

Digital Diagnostics Monitoring

Parameter	Symbol	Accuracy	Units	Notes
Temperature monitor absolute error	DMI_Temp	± 3	℃	Over operating temperature range
Supply voltage monitor absolute error	DMI _VCC	± 0.1	V	Over full operating range
Channel RX power monitor absolute error	DMI_RX_Ch	± 2	dB	1
Channel Bias current monitor	DMI_Ibias_Ch	± 10%	mA	
Channel TX power monitor absolute error	DMI_TX_Ch	± 2	dB	1

Notes:

1. Due to measurement accuracy of different single mode fibers, there could be an additional +/-1 dB fluctuation, or a +/- 3 dB total accuracy.

Transmitter Electro-optical Characteristics

T_C = 0 °C to 70 °C

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Notes
Power Consumption				3.5	W	
Supply Voltage	I_{CC}			1.1	V	
Transceiver Power-on Initialization Time				2000	ms	1
Single-ended Input Voltage Tolerance (Note 2)		-0.3		4.0	V	Referred to TP1 signal common
AC Common Mode Input Voltage Tolerance		15			mV	RMS
Differential Input Voltage Swing Threshold		50			mVpp	LOSA Threshold
Differential Input Voltage Swing	Vin,pp	190		700	mVpp	
Differential Input Impedance	Zin	90	100	110	Ohm	
Differential Input Return Loss		See IEEE 802.3ba 86A.4.11			dB	10MHz-11.1GHz
J2 Jitter Tolerance	Jt2	0.17			UI	
J9 Jitter Tolerance	Jt9	0.29			UI	
Data Dependent Pulse Width Shrinkage (DDPWS) Tolerance		0.07			UI	
Eye Mask Coordinates {X1, X2 Y1, Y2}			0.11, 0.31 95, 350		UI mV	Hit Ratio = 5x10-5
Center Wavelength	λc	1260	1310	1355	nm	
Side Mode Suppression Ratio	SMRS	30			dB	
Total Average Launch Power	P_T			7.5	dBm	
Average Optical power, each lane	P_{AVG}	-5.5		1.5	dBm	3
Optical Modulation Amplitude(OMA), each lane	P_{OMA}	-4.5		2.5	dBm	4

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Note
Difference in Launch Power between any two lanes (OMA)	Ptx,diff			6.5	dB	
Launch Power in OMA minus Transmitter and Dispersion Penalty (TDP), each Lane		-5.5			dBm	
TDP, each Lane	TDP			3.2	dB	
Extinction Ratio	ER	3.5			dB	
Relative Intensity Noise	RIN			-128	dB/Hz	
Optical Return Loss Tolerance	TOL			12	dB	
Transmitter Reflectance	R_T			-12	dB	
Average Launch Power OFF Transmitter, each Lane	Poff			-30	dBm	
Transmitter Eye Mask Definition {X1,X2,X3,Y1,Y2,Y3}			{0.25,0.4,0.45,0.25,0.28,0.4}			
Average Launch Power OFF Transmitter, each lane	P_{off}			-30	dBm	

Note 1: Power-on initialization time is the time from when the power supply voltages reach and remain above the minimum recommended operating supply voltages to the time when the module is fully functional.

Note 2: The single ended input voltage tolerance is the allowable range of the instantaneous input signals.

Note 3: The maximum transmitter average optical power of 1.5 dBm is well within the guardband of receiver overload specifications of commercially available 10GBASE-LR SFP+ transceivers offered.

Note 4: Even if the TDP < 1 dB, the OMA min must exceed the minimum value specified here.

Receiver Electro-optical Characteristics

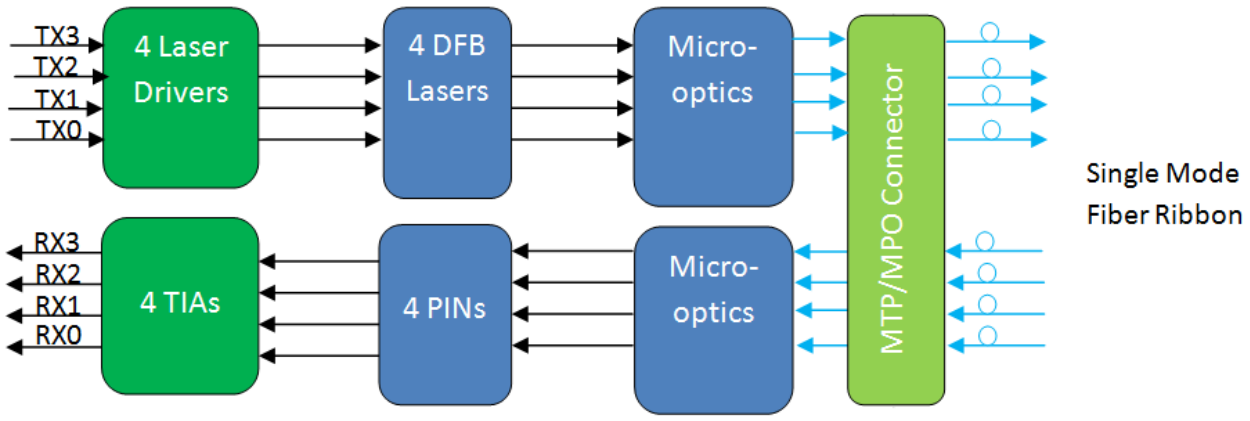
T_C = 0 °C to 70 °C

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Note
Single-ended Output Voltage		-0.3		4.0	V	Referred to signal common
AC Common Mode Output Voltage				7.5	mV	RMS
Differential Output Voltage Swing	Vout,pp	300		850	mVpp	
Differential Output Impedance	Zout	90	100	110	Ohm	
Termination Mismatch at 1MHz				5	%	
Differential Output Return Loss		See IEEE 802.3ba 86A.4.2.1			dB	10MHz-11.1GHz
Common Mode Output Return Loss		See IEEE 802.3ba 86A.4.2.2			dB	10MHz-11.1GHz
Output Transition Time		28			ps	20% to 80%
J2 Jitter Output	Jo2			0.42	UI	
J9 Jitter Output	Jo9			0.65	UI	
Eye Mask Coordinates {X1, X2 Y1, Y2}			0.29, 0.5 150, 425		UI mV	Hit Ratio = 5x10-5
Center Wavelength	λc	1260	1310	1355	nm	
Damage Threshold	THd	3.3			dBm	1
Average Receive Power, each Lane		-12.6		1.5	dBm	
Receiver Reflectance	R_R			-12	dBm	
Receive Power (OMA), each Lane				2.5	dBm	
Receiver Sensitivity (OMA), each Lane	SEN			-12.6	dBm	Infor-mative
Difference in Receive Power between any two Lanes (OMA)	Prx, diff			7.5	dB	
LOS Assert	LOSA	-30			dBm	
LOS Deassert	LOSD			-15	dBm	

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Note
LOS Hysteresis	LOSH	0.5			dB	
Receive Electrical 3dB upper Cutoff Frequency, each Lane	Fc			12.3	GHz	

Note 1: The receiver shall be able to tolerate, without damage, continuous exposure to a modulated optical input signal having this power level on one lane. The receiver does not have to operate correctly at this input power.

Block Diagram of Transceiver



General Description

This product is a parallel 40Gb/s Quad Small Form-factor Pluggable (QSFP+) optical module. It provides increased port density and total system cost savings. The QSFP+ full-duplex optical module offers 4 independent transmit and receive channels, each capable of 10Gb/s operation for an aggregate data rate of 40Gb/s on 10km of single mode fiber.

An optical fiber ribbon cable with an MTP/MPO connector can be plugged into the QSFP+ module receptacle. Proper alignment is ensured by the guide pins inside the receptacle. The cable usually cannot be twisted for proper channel to channel alignment. Electrical connection is achieved through a z-pluggable 38-pin connector per MSA requirement.

The module operates with single +3.3V power supply. LVCMOS/LVTTL global control signals, such as Module Present, Reset, Interrupt and Low Power Mode, are available with the modules. A 2-wire serial interface is available to send and receive more complex control signals, and to receive digital diagnostic information. Individual channels can be addressed and unused channels can be shut down for maximum design flexibility.

The product is designed with form factor, optical/electrical connection and digital diagnostic interface according to the QSFP+ Multi-Source Agreement (MSA). It has been designed to meet the harshest external operating conditions including temperature, humidity and EMI interference. The module can be managed through the I2C two-wire serial interface.

Functional Description

This product is a QSFP+ parallel single mode optical transceiver with an MTP/MPO fiber ribbon connector. The transmitter module accepts electrical input signals compatible with Common Mode Logic (CML) levels. All input data signals are differential and internally terminated. The receiver module converts parallel optical input signals via a photo detector array into parallel electrical output signals. The receiver module outputs electrical signals are also voltage compatible with Common Mode Logic (CML) levels. All data signals are differential and support a data rates up to 10.3Gb/s per channel. Above figure shows the functional block diagram of this product.

A single +3.3V power supply is required to power up the module. Both power supply pins VccTx and VccRx are internally connected and should be applied concurrently. Per MSA the module offers 7 low speed hardware control pins (including the 2-wire serial interface): ModSelL, SCL, SDA, ResetL, LPMode, ModPrsL and IntL.

Module Select (ModSelL) is an input pin. When held low by the host, the module responds to 2-wire serial communication commands. The ModSelL allows the use of multiple QSFP+ modules on a single 2-wire interface bus – individual ModSelL lines for each QSFP+ module must be used.

Serial Clock (SCL) and Serial Data (SDA) are required for the 2-wire serial bus communication interface and enable the host to access the QSFP+ memory map.

The ResetL pin enables a complete module reset, returning module settings to their default state, when a low level on the ResetL pin is held for longer than the minimum pulse length. During the execution of a reset the host shall disregard all status bits until the module indicates a completion of the reset interrupt. The module indicates this by posting an IntL (Interrupt) signal with the Data_Not_Ready bit negated in the memory map. Note that on power up (including hot insertion) the module should post this completion of reset interrupt without requiring a reset.

Low Power Mode (LPMode) pin is used to set the maximum power consumption for the module in order to protect hosts that are not capable of cooling higher power modules, should such modules be accidentally inserted.

Module Present (ModPrsL) is a signal local to the host board which, in the absence of a module, is normally pulled up to the host Vcc. When a module is inserted into the connector, it completes the path to ground through a resistor on the host board and asserts the signal. ModPrsL then indicates a module is present by setting ModPrsL to a “Low” state.

Interrupt (IntL) is an output pin. Low indicates a possible module operational fault or a status critical to the host system. The host identifies the source of the interrupt using the 2-wire serial interface. The IntL pin is an open collector output and must be pulled to the Host Vcc voltage on the Host board.

Pin Assignment

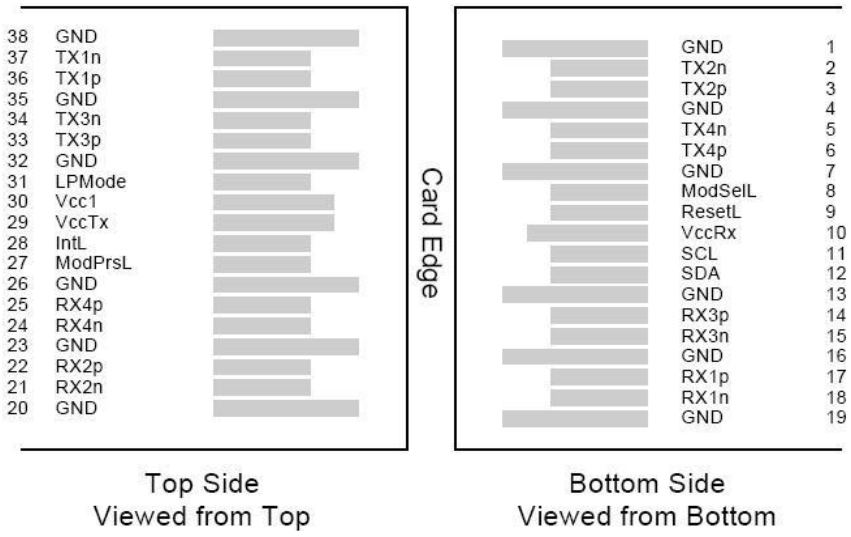


Figure: QSFP Transceiver Electrical Pad Layout

PIN	Logic	Symbol	Name/Description	Note
1		GND	Ground	1
2	CML-I	Tx2n	Transmitter Inverted Data Input	
3	CML-I	Tx2p	Transmitter Non-Inverted Data output	
4		GND	Ground	1
5	CML-I	Tx4n	Transmitter inverted Data Input	
6	CML-I	Tx4p	Transmitter Non-Inverted Data output	
7		GND	Ground	1
8	LVTLL-I	ModSelL	Module Select	
9	LVTLL-I	ResetL	Module Reset	
10		VccRx	+3.3V Power Supply Receiver	2
11	LVCMOS-I/O	SCL	2-Wire Serial Interface Clock	
12	LVCMOS-I/O	SDA	2-Wire Serial Interface Data	
13		GNC	Ground	
14	CML-O	Rx3p	Receiver Non-Inverted Data output	
15	CML-O	Rx3n	Receiver Inverted Data output	
16		GND	Ground	1
17	CML-O	Rx1p	Receiver Non-Inverted Data Output	
18	CML-O	Rx1n	Receiver Inverted Data Output	
19		GND	Ground	1
20		GND	Ground	1
21	CML-O	Rx2n	Receiver Inverted Data output	
22	CML-O	Rx2p	Receiver Non-Inverted Data output	

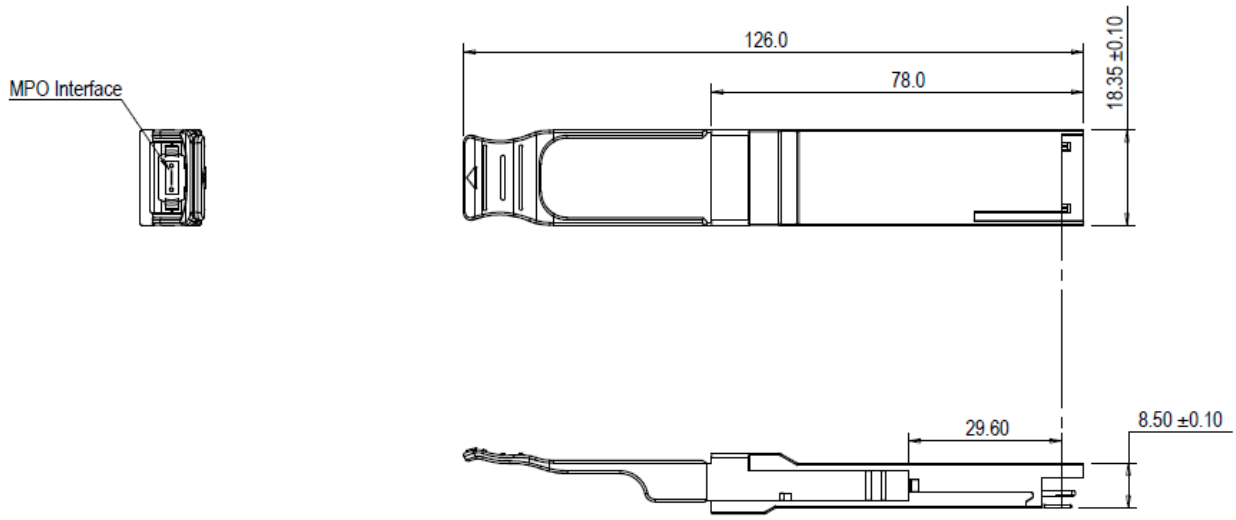
23		GND	Ground	1
24	CML-O	Rx4n	Receiver Inverted Data output	1
25	CML-O	Rx4p	Receiver Non-Inverted Data output	
26		GND	Ground	1
27	LVTTL-O	ModPrsL	Module Present	
28	LVTTL-O	IntL	Interrupt	
29		VccTx	+3.3V Power Supply transmitter	2
30		Vcc1	+3.3V Power Supply	2
31	LVTTL-I	LPMode	Low Power Mode	
32		GND	Ground	1
33	CML-I	Tx3p	Transmitter Non-Inverted Data Input	
34	CML-I	Tx3n	Transmitter Inverted Data Output	
35		GND	Ground	1
36	CML-I	Tx1p	Transmitter Non-Inverted Data Input	
37	CML-I	Tx1n	Transmitter Inverted Data Output	
38		GND	Ground	1

Note:

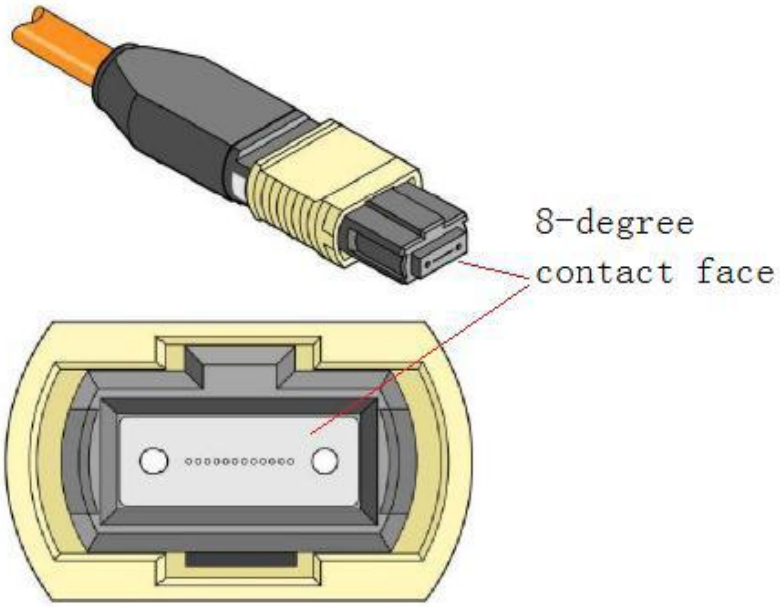
1. GND is the symbol for signal and supply (power) common for QSFP modules. All are common within the QSFP module and all module voltages are referenced to this potential unless otherwise noted. Connect these directly to the host board signal common ground plane.

2. VccRx, Vcc1 and VccTx are the receiver and transmitter power suppliers and shall be applied concurrently. Recommended host board power supply filtering is shown below. Vcc Rx, Vcc1 and Vcc Tx may be internally connected within the QSFP transceiver module in any combination. The connector pins are each rated for a maximum current of 500mA.

Dimensions



Attention: To minimize MPO connection induced reflections, an MPO receptacle with 8-degree angled end-face is utilized for this product. A female MPO connector with 8-degree end-face should be used with this product as illustrated in Figure 5.

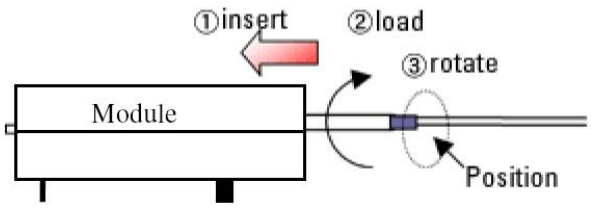


Optical Receptacle Cleaning Recommendations :

All fiber stubs inside the receptacle portions were cleaned before shipment. In the event of contamination of the optical ports, the recommended cleaning process is the use of forced nitrogen. If contamination is thought to have remained, the optical ports can be cleaned using a NTT international Cletop® stick type and HFE7100 cleaning fluid. Before the mating of patch-cord, the fiber end should be cleaned up by using Cletop® cleaning cassette.

Cleaning of patch-cord

Cleaning of fiber stub



1. Insert
   Ensure that stick is held straight when inserting into sleeve.
2. Load
   Apply sufficient pressure (approx 600-700g) to ensure ferrule a little depressed in sleeve.
3. Rotate
   Rotate stick clockwise 4-5 times, while ensuring direct contact with ferrule end-face is maintained.

Notice: Number of possible wipes:
Maintenance (repair) ~1 use / piece
Equipment construction: 4 uses / piece (max.)

Note: The pictures were extracted from NTT-ME website. And the Cletop® is a trademark registered by NTT-ME

Ordering Information

OP 6 C - S 10 - 13 - C M

Product Code:
5=GBIC;
6=SFP-LC;
7=XFP;
8=XENPAK;
9=X2;
A=SFP+;
C=QSFP;
F=CFP;
P=SFP-SC;
Q=SFP-MTRJ

Data Rate:
A=155Mb/s;
B=622Mb/s;
C=1.25Gb/s;
D=2.125Gb/s;
E=2.5Gb/s;
F=4.25Gb/s;
G=3.1Gb/s;
J=2.97G
P=6.144G:
Q=7.37G;
H=8.5Gb/s;
K=10Gb/s;
T=1/10Gb/s
L=11.09Gb/s;
R=20Gb/s;
S=40Gb/s;
M=100Base-X SGMII;
N=100/1000Base-X SGMII;

Type:
S=Single-mode;
M=Multi-mode;
W=BWDM;
C=CWDM;
D=DWDM;
T=Copper-T (RJ-45)
E=GEPON ONU;
F=GEPON OLT;
G=GPON ONU;
H=GPON OLT

Reach:
Normal:
X1=Under 150m;
X3=300m;
X5=550m;
02=2km,
10=10km;
70=70km;
A0=100km;
C0=120km

CWDM:
20=20dB;
24=24dB;
28=28dB

Wavelength:
Normal:
85=850nm;
13=1310nm;
15=1550nm;
00=Copper T (RJ-45)

CWDM:
27=1270nm;
47=1470nm;
61=1610nm

BWDM:
B3=Tx1310/Rx1550; B5=Tx1550/Rx1310;
B4=Tx1310/Rx1490; B9=Tx1490/Rx1310;
51=Tx1510/Rx1570; 57=Tx1570/Rx1510;
27=Tx1270/Rx1330; 33=Tx1330/Rx1270;
B2=Tx1270/Rx1577; B7=Tx1577/Rx1270
T2=2TX1310nm; T3=TX1310nm;
T5=TX1550nm

DWDM:
17=Channel 17
34= Channel 34
00=Channel 17~61 Tunable

Operating Temperature:
C=Commercial Purpose (0~70℃);
I= Industrial Purpose (Extended Range)

Additional Feature:
M=Digital Optical Monitoring (DOM)
(RX_LOS for Copper TX);
F=with Fiber Stub;
I=with Isolator;
S=Customized Style

Model Number	*Part Number*	*Voltage*	*Temperature*
QSFP-40G-LR4(PSM)	OPCS-S10-13-CBS	3.3V	0°C to 70 °C

Note: All information contained in this document is subject to change without notice.